# Teacher's notes

### **Reinforcement worksheet I**

- Set the scene: Harry is going to go on holiday to England with his family. Pupils read the three dialogues – at school, at home (before they go to the airport) and at the airport. They circle the correct word in each case. Pupils listen to the audio (Track 14) and check their answers.
- Key: 2 already, 3 already, 4 yet, 5 just, 6 yet, 7 already, 8 just, 9 just.
- They then find the past participle of eight verbs in the conversation.

Key: b started, c eaten, d brought, e put, f given.

• **Optional follow-up activity:** In groups of four, pupils act out the story. Note that Harry is in all of the dialogues, so it would help if that pupil is fairly strong.

### **Reinforcement worksheet 2**

- There is one mistake in each 'country fact file'. Pupils read them and circle the problem. They then write about the mistakes they found. Tell them to write two sentences for each – one about the mistake and one about the correction. Note: if pupils find it difficult, let them read the 'ezine' in the Pupil's Book again.
- Key: 2 In France people don't speak France. They speak French. 3 The people of Germany are not called Germany. They're German. 4 Greece hasn't got 200,000 islands. It's got 2,000 islands. 5 There isn't a film studio in India called Hollywood. It's called Bollywood. 6 The Mexican people don't speak Mexican. They speak Spanish.
- Optional follow-up activity: Pupils write a 'fact file' about their own country.

### **Extension worksheet I**

- Pupils fill the gaps using the present perfect and the other words in brackets.
- Key: 2 hasn't visited, 3 has never learned, 4 still hasn't been, 5 has just read, 6 still hasn't visited.
- Set the scene: Five people are deciding where to go on holiday. Pupils work out where each person is going. Point out the example about the girls. One of the girls wants to go to Spain. The pupils can then cross out Spain for all of the boys. Pupils read on and tick or cross as necessary.
- Key: William France, Sally Spain, Peter Brazil, Betty – India, Richard – Mexico.
- **Optional follow-up activity:** In pairs pupils make a travel brochure about one of the countries mentioned. They could try to 'sell' the country to the other people in the class, telling them why it's great to visit.

#### **Extension worksheet 2**

• Explain that the texts are from two postcards which are mixed up. Pupils fill in the gaps.

Key: 2 yet, 3 since, 4 just, 5 ever, 6 just, 7 for, 8 yet, 9 already, 10 yet, 11 since.

• Pupils separate the information about Australia and write the postcard from Mexico in the postcard below.

- Key: Dear Aunt Helen! How are you? We've been in Mexico for three days and we've already been swimming four times! We haven't been to a market yet. The people here speak Spanish. I haven't understood a word yet! Dad has studied the language every night since we arrived! We've just climbed a pyramid and I'm really tired! I'm going to say goodbye now. I'll write again soon.
- **Optional follow-up activity:** Pupils write their own postcard from a country they would like to visit. They add photos or pictures and display them on the walls.

#### Song worksheet

- Pupils look at the pictures and label the missing words.
- Key: First verse home, rest, school, desks Chorus – Time, great Second verse – sea, clothes, park, suitcase.
- Tell pupils that the lines are in the wrong order. Pupils listen to the song (Track 15) and number the lines 1–8.
- **Key:** Verse 1: 4 2 1 3 Verse 2: 8 6 5 7
- **Optional follow-up activity:** Pupils write another verse which includes two things they've done (at school) and two things they are going to do during the holiday.

### **Topic worksheet**

- Introduce the topic by asking the class about their own flag. What does it look like? Pre-teach *war* and *rising sun*. Photocopy one sheet for every two pupils. Cut the sheets in half and give them out to each pair. Pupils read their half on their own. Tell pupils to read it carefully because at the end of the reading, they will have to tell a partner about it. Put pupils with a speaking partner. Encourage them to take turns asking and answering the questions
- **Key:** Pupil A needs to know these answers: I Green can mean the country has got big forests, 2 Red is the most common colour and it usually means that there was a war in the country in the past, 3 Dominica – a parrot, Uganda and Papua New Guinea – birds with beautiful tails.

Pupil B needs to know these answers: 1 50 is the number of states in the USA, 2 Japan's flag has a big red circle on it because Japan's name means 'Land of the Rising Sun', 3 Wales has a dragon on its flag.

• **Optional follow-up activity:** Pupils make a poster about a flag that they like. They find out some information about it (using the internet) and explain it to the class. If pupils do not have access to computers or library books, they can invent a flag of their own (for the school / their street / their classroom) and explain why they have chosen certain images or colours.

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# **Reinforcement worksheet 1**

# **1** Harry is going to England. Read and circle the right words.

### At school

Harry: Hey, Sarah! We're going to go to the USA next year!

Sarah: Wow! That's really cool. Have you (1) still / ever been there before?

- Harry: No. I'm really excited. Mum's (2) already / yet bought the tickets!
- Sarah: Really? For next year? She's very organised!

Harry: Yes, she is very organised. She's (3) yet / already started packing too!

### At home (before they go to the airport)

Dad: Have you had your breakfast (4) just / yet, Harry?

Harry: Yes. I've (5) just / ever eaten some cereal. I'm washing up.

Dad: Good. Have you brought your bags downstairs (6) yet / already?

Harry: Yes, Dad. Don't worry. Mum's (7) yet / already put them in the car.

### At the airport

Harry: Mum, have you got my passport?

- Mum: I've (8) just / still given it to you. I gave it to you a few minutes ago!
- Harry: Well, I can't find it. Are you sure?
- Mum: Oh, I've (9) still / just found it. It's in my handbag. Sorry, Harry!

# 2 📴 Listen and check.

### **3** Complete the verb table. Use the conversation to help you.

Verb	Past	Past participle
buy	bought	a bought
start	started	b
eat	ate	с
bring	brought	d
put	put	е
give	gave	f





# 

Read and correct the six mistakes.

### **Country: Brazil**

Nationality: Brazilian Language: Portuguese Fact: It's the largest country in the world.

# **Country: India**

Nationality: Indian

**Language:** More than 24 languages, but most people speak Hindi and English

**Fact:** There is a famous film studio called Hollywood.

### **Country: France**

Nationality: French Language: France Fact: 82 million tourists visit every year.

### **Country: Greece**

Nationality: Greek Language: Greek Fact: It's got 200,000 islands.

### **Country: Germany**

Nationality: Germany

Language: German

**Fact:** It has the biggest population in Europe. Many famous composers were born there.

### **Country: Mexico**

Nationality: Mexican Language: Mexican

**Fact:** Chewing gum first came from trees in Mexico in the 19th century.

1	Brazil is not the largest country in the world. It's the fifth largest.
2	In France people don't speak
3	
4	
5	
6	



- **1** Complete the sentences with *has* or *hasn't* and the words in brackets. Use the past participle of the verbs.
- 1 One of the girls <u>has just found</u> (just / find) a special price on the internet for a holiday in Spain. She wants to go there.
- 2 One of the boys would like to go to France. He \_\_\_\_\_ (not visit) it since he was a child. He was born there.

- 6 Richard ...... (still / not visit) Mexico. It's his dream! He's going to go there this year and he's very excited.

### 2 Read the sentences again. Where is each person going on holiday?

Holidays	Brazil	France	India	Mexico	Spain
William					×
Sally					
Peter					×
Betty					
Richard					×



**Extension worksheet 2** 



### **D** Read and complete the postcards.

yet for ever yet just <del>still</del>	- since already just since yet			
Dear Grandma and Grandpa, How are you? I've been in Australia for a week but I (1) <b>still</b> haven't seen a kangaroo! The people here speak Spanish and I haven't understood a word	Dear Aunt Helen! How are you? We've been in Mexico (7) three days and we've already been swimming four times! We haven't been to a market (8)			
(2)! Dad has studied the language every night (3) we arrived!	I've (9) taken a hundred photos and we haven't been to Sydney (10)! We're going to visit			
We've (4) left Canberra	it tomorrow. I can't wait!			
and we're driving to the beach. Have you (5)	I've spoken lots of English (11) we arrived. It's getting much better. I think I might get better marks in my classes next term!			

# **2** Write the postcard from Mexico.



Init.	Song worksheet
	Look at the pictures and complete the song.
	So we're all going . It's time to have a .
	We've done our last exam, now we're, we're going to have fun.
1	We've just finished, our holiday's begun.
	لاe've just put away our books, and we've tidied our .
	Yes, it's holiday time! to have a break.
	Yes, it's holiday time and we're all feeling .
	To swim in the and sleep and play all day.
	We've already bought some symmetry too
	We've already bought some summer too.
	We've played in the and we've been to the zoo.
	But we haven't packed our and we're going to go away
	Chorus
	Yes, it's holiday time and we're all feeling great.
2	Listen and number the lines of the song 1–8.
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### Pupil A – Read about world flags. Then ask Pupil B the three questions.

Do you know why there are 50 stars on the US flag? It's because there are 50 states in the USA. And why are there 23 stars on the Brazilian flag? Well, if you're in Brazil and you look up at the sky at night, you can see these 23 stars. The Australian and New Zealand flags also have stars on them.

The Sun is on many flags too. Japan's flag has got a big red sun in it. Japan's name means 'Land of the Rising Sun'. Many hot African countries have got a yellow sun (or yellow stripe) on their flag. Some flags have symbols that show part of a country's real history, but the flag of Wales has a dragon from a popular legend.

- 1 What is one meaning of the colour green on a flag?
- 2 Which is the most common colour? What does it mean?
- 3 Tell me about some birds that you can find on flags.

# Pupil B – Read about world flags. Then ask Pupil A the three questions.

Colours are very important on flags. Green sometimes tells us that the country has big forests. The flag of Brazil, for example, uses green and Brazil has a very large forest.

Did you know that red is the most common colour on flags? If a flag has got red on it, it probably means that there was a war in the past and that people have been very brave for their country. Many countries have birds as special signs or 'emblems', but they aren't always on the country's flag. There is a parrot on the flag of Dominica and two countries, Uganda and Papua New Guinea, have birds with beautiful tails on their flags.

- 1 Why are there 50 stars on the American flag?
- 2 Why does Japan's flag have a big red circle in the middle of it?
- 3 Which country has a beast from a legend on its flag?